Teaching and Learning Phonics at Our Lady of the Visitation.







Recap of definitions

A Phoneme

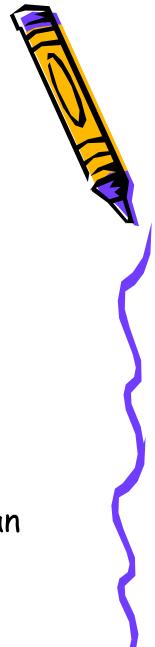
This is the smallest unit of sound in a word.



How many phonemes can you hear in

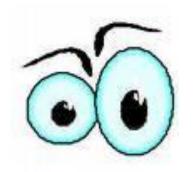


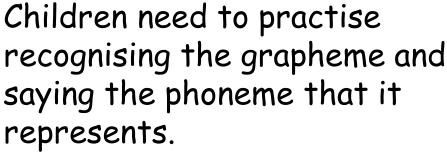
cat?



A grapheme

These are the letters that represent the phoneme.



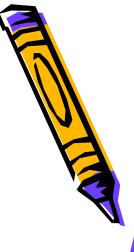




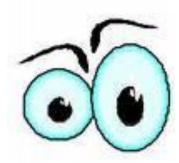


· A phoneme you hear





· A grapheme you see



A word always has the same number of phonemes and graphemes!

Phase 5

The purpose of this phase is for children to broaden their knowledge of graphemes and phonemes for use in reading and spelling.

They will learn new graphemes and alternative pronunciations for these and graphemes they already know, where relevant.



In phase 5 children will:

- · Be taught further graphemes for reading.
- Be taught alternative pronunciations for graphemes.
- · Be taught alternative spellings for phonemes.
- Recognise graphemes in reading words.
- Practice reading and spelling of high-frequency (common) words.
- Practice reading and spelling two-syllable and three-syllable words.
- · Practice reading and writing sentences.



Phase 5

- Teach new graphemes for reading
 ay, ou, ie, ea, oy, ir, ue, aw, wh, ph, ew,
 oe, au, a-e, e-e, i-e, o-e, u-e
- Learn alternative pronunciations of graphemes (the same grapheme can represent more than one phoneme):

Fin/find, hot/cold, cat/cent, got/giant, but/put, cow/blow, tie/field, eat/bread, farmer/her, hat/what, yes/by/very, chin/school/chef, out/shoulder/could/you.



Learning all the variations!

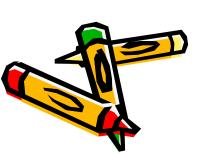
Learning that the same phoneme can be represented in more than one way:

first

term

heard

work





Learning all the variations

Learning that the same grapheme can represent more than one phoneme:

meat

bread

he

bed

bear

hear



COW

low

Teaching the split digraph

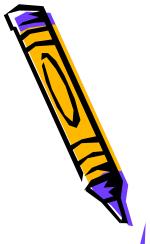
tie time

toe

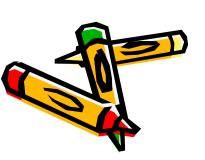
cue cube



When 2 vowels go walking



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7fb 3Pdt8kxg



Is there anything you can do at home?



yes



Phonics Homework

 Each week we will be sending home phonics homework as part of home learning. This will be targeted at the children's level.

 This will involve word work, sentence structure and spellings.



How can I help at home?

- · When spelling, encourage your child to think about what "looks right".
- · Have fun trying out different options...wipe clean whiteboards are good for trying out spellings.
- · tray
- · rain
- · boil
- boy
- throat

snow

trai

rayn

boyl

boi

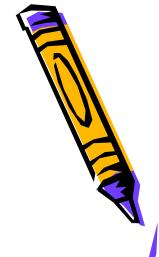
throwt

snoa

Don't forget...

Learning to read should be fun for both children and parents.





Any Questions?

